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# ACE-CPT

*American Council on Exercise (ACE)  
Personal Trainer Certification 2025*

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**Question: 760**

What is the primary mechanism by which dietary fiber can lower low-density lipoprotein (LDL) cholesterol levels?

- A. Increasing the absorption of cholesterol from the gut
- B. Enhancing the uptake of LDL particles by peripheral tissues
- C. Stimulating the production of bile acids, which can bind to cholesterol
- D. Promoting the conversion of LDL to high-density lipoprotein (HDL) cholesterol

Answer: C

Explanation: The primary mechanism by which dietary fiber can lower LDL cholesterol levels is by stimulating the production of bile acids, which can bind to cholesterol and be excreted from the body. Dietary fiber, particularly soluble fiber, increases the demand for bile acids, which are synthesized from cholesterol in the liver.

**Question: 761**

A client wants to improve their flexibility and mobility. Which of the following training methods would be the MOST effective?

- A. Static stretching
- B. Dynamic stretching
- C. Foam rolling
- D. Proprioceptive neuromuscular facilitation (PNF) stretching

Answer: D

Explanation: Proprioceptive neuromuscular facilitation (PNF) stretching is the

most effective training method for improving flexibility and mobility. PNF techniques involve combining active muscle contraction with passive stretching, which elicits greater increases in range of motion compared to static stretching, dynamic stretching, or foam rolling alone. While those other methods are also beneficial, PNF stretching provides the most comprehensive improvements in overall flexibility and joint mobility.

**Question: 762**

A client discloses that they are currently taking a prescription medication for asthma. Which of the following is the MOST important consideration for their exercise program?

- A. Increased risk of muscle cramps and dehydration
- B. Potential interactions with dietary supplements
- C. Decreased heart rate response to exercise
- D. Risk of exercise-induced bronchoconstriction

**Answer: D**

**Explanation:** For a client taking medication for asthma, the most important consideration for their exercise program is the risk of exercise-induced bronchoconstriction. Certain asthma medications, such as bronchodilators, can help manage the symptoms of asthma, but they do not prevent the airways from constricting during exercise. By being aware of this potential risk, the personal trainer can work closely with the client to monitor their symptoms, adjust the exercise intensity and duration as needed, and incorporate strategies to prevent and manage exercise-induced bronchoconstriction, ensuring the client's safety and comfort during their workout.

**Question: 763**

During a functional movement assessment, you observe that a client has difficulty maintaining a neutral cervical spine position during a pushup. Which

of the following muscle groups is most likely contributing to this limitation?

- A. Cervical spine flexors
- B. Cervical spine extensors
- C. Scapular retractors
- D. Shoulder external rotators

Answer: B

Explanation: Difficulty maintaining a neutral cervical spine position during a pushup is often indicative of weakness or imbalance in the cervical spine extensor muscles, such as the upper trapezius, splenius capitis, and semispinalis capitis. These muscles play a crucial role in maintaining proper head and neck alignment during upper body pushing movements.

**Question: 764**

Which of the following is the most effective method for determining a client's readiness for behavior change?

- A. Administering a standardized exercise history and attitude questionnaire
- B. Conducting a motivational interviewing session
- C. Observing the client's current exercise habits and adherence
- D. Asking the client directly about their perceived readiness

Answer: B

Explanation: Conducting a motivational interviewing session is the most effective method for determining a client's readiness for behavior change. Motivational interviewing is a collaborative, client-centered approach that helps the client explore and resolve their ambivalence about changing their behavior. By engaging the client in a guided discussion, the personal trainer can better assess the client's level of motivation, identify barriers and facilitators, and

tailor their approach to the client's unique stage of change.

**Question: 765**

Which theoretical construct from the Social Cognitive Theory emphasizes an individual's belief that performing a behavior will lead to certain outcomes?

- A. Observational learning
- B. Reciprocal determinism
- C. Self-efficacy
- D. Outcome expectations

Answer: D

Explanation: The "outcome expectations" construct in Social Cognitive Theory refers to an individual's beliefs about the likely consequences or outcomes of performing a particular behavior. This includes their judgments about both the physical outcomes (e.g., weight loss, improved health) and the social/self-evaluative outcomes (e.g., praise from others, feelings of pride) that may result from engaging in the behavior. An individual's outcome expectations, along with their self-efficacy (belief in their own capabilities), are key determinants of their motivation to perform the behavior according to the theory.

**Question: 766**

A sedentary individual begins a strength training program focused on hypertrophy. Which of the following would be the LEAST likely adaptation to occur in their muscle fibers?

- A. Increased cross-sectional area of Type I muscle fibers
- B. Increased cross-sectional area of Type II muscle fibers
- C. Conversion of Type Ix muscle fibers to Type IIa
- D. Conversion of Type I muscle fibers to Type IIa



**Answer: A**

**Explanation:** Strength training programs aimed at hypertrophy typically lead to increased cross-sectional area (size) of Type II (fast-twitch) muscle fibers, as these fibers have a greater capacity for growth compared to Type I (slow-twitch) muscle fibers. While some conversion of Type IIX to Type IIA fibers and vice versa can occur, significant conversion of Type I fibers to Type IIA is less likely to happen with a pure hypertrophy-focused program.

**Question: 767**

A client discloses a recent diagnosis of type 1 diabetes. Which of the following is the MOST important consideration for their exercise program?

- A. Increased risk of hypoglycemia
- B. Potential interactions with dietary supplements
- C. Decreased heart rate response to exercise
- D. Risk of exercise-induced bronchoconstriction

**Answer: A**

**Explanation:** For a client with type 1 diabetes, the most important consideration for their exercise program is the increased risk of hypoglycemia (low blood sugar). Exercise can significantly impact blood glucose levels, and individuals with type 1 diabetes must carefully monitor their glucose levels and adjust their insulin dosage and carbohydrate intake accordingly. By being aware of this risk and working closely with the client to monitor their blood glucose levels during and after exercise, the personal trainer can help the client safely and effectively manage their diabetes while participating in their exercise program.

**Question: 768**

During a seated cable row exercise, what is the primary role of the teres major muscle?

- A. It acts as the prime mover, producing the majority of the pulling force.
- B. It assists the latissimus dorsi as a synergist, contributing to the pulling motion.
- C. It acts as an antagonist, opposing the movement of the latissimus dorsi.
- D. It has no significant involvement in the seated cable row exercise.

Answer: B

Explanation: During a seated cable row exercise, the primary role of the teres major muscle is to act as a synergist, assisting the latissimus dorsi in producing the pulling force. While the latissimus dorsi is the primary mover, the teres major contributes to the adduction and extension of the shoulder joint, which are the primary actions in a seated cable row.

### Question: 769

Which of the following is the most accurate method for assessing an individual's body composition?

- A. Bioelectrical impedance analysis (BIA)
- B. Skinfold measurements
- C. Dual-energy X-ray absorptiometry (DXA)
- D. Hydrostatic weighing

Answer: C

Explanation: Dual-energy X-ray absorptiometry (DXA) is considered the most accurate and reliable method for assessing an individual's body composition. DXA uses X-ray technology to precisely measure the amount of fat, lean muscle, and bone in the body, providing a comprehensive assessment of an

individual's body composition. While other methods, such as bioelectrical impedance analysis (BIA), skinfold measurements, and hydrostatic weighing, can provide useful information, they are generally less accurate and reliable than DXA.

**Question: 770**

Which of the following is the most appropriate exercise recommendation for a client with Alzheimer's disease?

- A. High-intensity resistance training
- B. Aerobic exercise such as running or cycling
- C. Cognitive-motor dual-task training
- D. Stretching and range of motion exercises

Answer: C

Explanation: For a client with Alzheimer's disease, the most appropriate exercise recommendation is cognitive-motor dual-task training. This type of training involves performing a physical activity while simultaneously engaging in a cognitive task, such as walking while reciting the alphabet or performing a balance exercise while solving a simple math problem. Cognitive-motor dual-task training has been shown to be particularly effective for individuals with Alzheimer's, as it can help maintain and improve both physical and cognitive function. High-intensity resistance training, aerobic exercise, and stretching and range of motion exercises are also important, but should be secondary to the primary focus on cognitive-motor dual-task training.

**Question: 771**

A client with a history of hypertension comes to you for an exercise program. Which of the following should be the primary focus when designing their routine?



- A. Emphasizing high-intensity interval training
- B. Incorporating exercises that lower blood pressure
- C. Maximizing caloric expenditure through cardio
- D. Focusing on exercises that improve muscular strength

Answer: B

Explanation: For a client with a history of hypertension, the primary focus when designing their exercise routine should be incorporating exercises that lower blood pressure. Hypertension, or high blood pressure, is a significant risk factor for cardiovascular disease, and it is crucial to address this condition through appropriate exercise programming. By selecting activities that are known to help reduce blood pressure, such as aerobic exercises, resistance training, and mind-body practices like yoga and tai chi, the trainer can help the client manage their hypertension and potentially improve their overall cardiovascular health. While other considerations, such as muscular strength, caloric expenditure, and high-intensity interval training, may also be beneficial, the primary focus should be on exercises that directly target the client's hypertension.

**Question: 772**

A client is interested in improving their core strength and stability. Which of the following exercises should the personal trainer include in their program?

- A. Barbell back squat
- B. Bicep curl
- C. Plank
- D. Seated cable row

Answer: C

Explanation: The plank exercise should be included in the client's program to improve their core strength and stability. The plank targets the core muscles, including the abdominals, obliques, and lower back, which are essential for overall core strength and stability. The barbell back squat, bicep curl, and seated cable row, while beneficial for other fitness goals, are not as directly focused on core strength and stability as the plank exercise.

**Question: 773**

Libby's personal trainer, Alex, is designing a fitness program for her. Which of the following dietary preferences should Alex consider when developing Libby's nutrition plan?

- A. Vegan
- B. Paleo
- C. Keto
- D. All of the above

Answer: D

Explanation: All of the dietary preferences mentioned (vegan, Paleo, and Keto) are important for Alex to consider when developing Libby's nutrition plan.

A vegan diet excludes all animal-based foods, including meat, dairy, and eggs. This can impact the intake of certain nutrients, such as protein, vitamin B12, and omega-3 fatty acids, which may need to be addressed through supplementation or careful food selection.

The Paleo diet is based on the consumption of foods that were available to our hunter-gatherer ancestors, such as meat, fish, eggs, vegetables, fruits, and nuts. This diet may have implications for the intake of certain macronutrients and micronutrients that need to be considered.

The Keto diet is a high-fat, low-carbohydrate diet that puts the body into a metabolic state called ketosis. This dietary approach can affect the body's response to exercise and may require adjustments to the exercise program and nutrient intake.

By considering all of these dietary preferences, Alex can ensure that Libby's nutrition plan is tailored to her specific dietary needs and preferences, which will ultimately support her overall fitness goals and exercise program.

**Question: 774**

A 27-year-old male client undergoes a Bioelectrical Impedance Analysis (BIA) test, and the results show a body water percentage of 58%. Which of the following is the most likely explanation for this finding?

- A. The client is well-hydrated and has a normal body water percentage.
- B. The client is dehydrated and has a low body water percentage.
- C. The client has a high muscle mass and a higher than normal body water percentage.
- D. The BIA test is not reliable for this client, and additional body composition assessment is needed.

Answer: C

Explanation: A body water percentage of 58% in a 27-year-old male client is considered on the higher end of the normal range, which is typically 50-65% for adult males. This elevated body water percentage is most likely indicative of a client with a high muscle mass. Muscle tissue contains a greater proportion of water compared to other body tissues, such as fat. Therefore, individuals with a well-developed musculature tend to have a higher overall body water percentage. This finding suggests that the client may be physically active and have a significant amount of lean muscle mass, which can be further confirmed through additional body composition assessments, such as skinfold measurements or dual-energy X-ray absorptiometry (DXA) scans.

### Question: 775

A client is interested in improving their anaerobic capacity to enhance their performance in high-intensity sports. Which of the following training methods would be the most effective for achieving this goal?

- A. Endurance training at 65-75% of max heart rate
- B. Circuit training with minimal rest periods
- C. Interval training at 90-100% of max heart rate
- D. Resistance training with heavy weights and low reps

Answer: C

Explanation: Of the training methods provided, interval training at 90-100% of maximum heart rate would be the most effective for improving anaerobic capacity. Anaerobic capacity is the ability to perform high-intensity exercise for extended periods, and interval training at near-maximal intensities is the most direct way to enhance this physiological adaptation. The high-intensity work intervals challenge the anaerobic energy systems, while the recovery periods allow for sufficient metabolic recovery to maintain the intensity. Endurance training (option A) and circuit training (option B) primarily target the aerobic energy system, while resistance training (option D) focuses more on muscle strength and power rather than anaerobic capacity.



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